# **Test Questions**

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OpenAI. (2025). ChatGPT. [Large language model]. https://chat.openai.com/chat

Prompt: As a teacher, create a combination of 30 multiple-choice and True or False test questions for first-year college students based on the contents of the attached file: Chapter Six: Artificial Reasoning Vs. Human Reasoning

- 1. Which statement best contrasts the ORIGIN of Human Intelligence (H.I.) and Artificial Intelligence (A.I.)?
  - A. H.I. is computational; A.I. is biological and experiential.
  - B. H.I. is biological and experiential; A.I. is computational and engineered.
  - C. Both H.I. and A.I. share the same biological origin.
  - D. H.I. is purely statistical; A.I. is intuitive and emotional.

Answer: B

- 2. Which description best captures the LEARNING MECHANISM of A.I.?
  - A. Intuitive, emotional, and experiential learning
  - B. Trial-and-error with no data
  - C. Statistical, data-driven, algorithmic learning
  - D. Innate moral reasoning guided by empathy

Answer: C

- 3. In terms of FLEXIBILITY, how do H.I. and A.I. generally differ?
  - A. H.I. is highly adaptive across contexts; A.I. is task-specific unless trained broadly.
  - B. H.I. is task-specific; A.I. is universally adaptive without training.
  - C. Both are universally adaptive across all contexts by default.
  - D. Neither can adapt to new contexts without re-engineering.

Answer: A

- 4. Which option best summarizes the difference in CREATIVITY?
  - A. H.I. creativity is frequently emergent and spontaneous; A.I. often imitates patterns from prior data.
  - B. Both H.I. and A.I. generate creativity only through random noise.
  - C. A.I. uniquely produces abductive leaps; H.I. only imitates.
  - D. H.I. is limited to pattern imitation; A.I. is inherently original.

Answer: A

- 5. Regarding BIAS and EMOTION, which statement is most accurate?
  - A. A.I. has innate emotions that guide unbiased outputs.
  - B. H.I. has no emotional influence on reasoning.
  - C. A.I. is free from any bias, even in its training data.
  - D. A.I. reflects biases present in its inputs, whereas H.I. naturally involves bias and emotion.

Answer: D

- 6. Which statement best describes AWARENESS in H.I. vs. A.I.?
  - A. H.I. is conscious and insightful; A.I. lacks self-awareness and is goal-driven in output.
  - B. Both H.I. and A.I. are fully self-aware.
  - C. A.I. is conscious and insightful; H.I. is not.
  - D. Neither H.I. nor A.I. can act in a goal-directed manner.

Answer: A

- 7. Which option is a clear ADVANTAGE of A.I.?
  - A. Rapid processing of massive datasets (speed and scale)
  - B. Innate empathy in sensitive contexts
  - C. Unconstrained moral judgment
  - D. Guaranteed interpretability in all models

Answer: A

- 8. Which feature of A.I. supports long-term, reliable analysis?
  - A. Emotional stamina
  - B. Consistency—no fatigue across long durations
  - C. Ad-hoc intuition without data
  - D. Spontaneous ethical insight

Answer: B

- 9. Which statement best captures A.I. 'objectivity' as discussed in the chapter?
  - A. A.I. outputs are always objective regardless of training data.
  - B. A.I. should ideally be impartial, but biased inputs can distort outcomes.
  - C. A.I. is more biased than humans by design.
  - D. A.I. cannot be trained on data from humans.

Answer: B

- 10. Which is a DISADVANTAGE of A.I. in analysis?
  - A. Difficulty with nuance, humor, ethics, and cultural subtleties
  - B. Too much empathy for sensitive contexts
  - C. Intrinsic moral reasoning independent of input
  - D. Unlimited creativity beyond any human capability

## Answer: A

- 11. Why is A.I. often described as a 'black box' in some applications?
  - A. Because A.I. models are always open-source
  - B. Because the influence of programmers' choices and complex models can limit transparency
  - C. Because A.I. never uses statistical methods
  - D. Because outputs are determined entirely by human emotion

#### Answer: B

- 12. Which is a clear ADVANTAGE of HUMAN analysis?
  - A. Uniform performance regardless of stress or fatigue
  - B. Innate capacity to interpret subtle context, tone, and cultural realities
  - C. Guaranteed lack of bias in all scenarios
  - D. Perfect scalability to any dataset size

## Answer: B

- 13. Which HUMAN capability is emphasized as essential for ethical assessment?
  - A. Moral and philosophical judgment grounded in values
  - B. Purely statistical inference without context
  - C. Automated rule execution
  - D. Emotion-free decision-making

#### Answer: A

- 14. Which statement highlights HUMAN innovation relative to A.I.?
  - A. Humans mainly imitate patterns seen before.
  - B. Humans possess an unlimited capacity for innovation that enables unconventional solutions.
  - C. A.I. alone generates original ideas without prior data.
  - D. Humans cannot think creatively under constraints.

# Answer: B

- 15. Which is a DISADVANTAGE of HUMAN analysis noted in the chapter?
  - A. Complete immunity to stress and bias
  - B. Consistency identical to machines over months or years
  - C. Susceptibility to bias, stress, and limited cognitive scope
  - D. Inability to reflect critically on errors

# Answer: C

- 16. In a case from Moorfields Eye Hospital (UK), A.I. achieved approximately what diagnostic accuracy versus human-only intervention?
  - A. 65% for A.I.; 94% for human-only

- B. 94% for A.I.; 65% for human-only
- C. 50% for A.I.; 50% for human-only
- D. 99% for both A.I. and human-only

Answer: B

- 17. At George Eliot Hospital (UK), incorporating A.I. in CT scan analysis led to which outcome?
  - A. A 27% decrease in early-stage cancer detection
  - B. No measurable change in detection rates
  - C. A 27% increase in early-stage cancer detection
  - D. Complete replacement of radiologists by A.I.

Answer: C

- 18. Which CURRICULAR shift is emphasized for post-secondary education?
  - A. Silo A.I. literacy only within computer science courses
  - B. Teach Prompt Engineering and embed critical thinking across subjects
  - C. Avoid discussing ethics to keep courses technically focused
  - D. Replace human-centered skills with automation skills

Answer: B

- 19. Which HUMAN-CENTERED skill set should be emphasized alongside A.I. fluency?
  - A. Creativity, empathy, and moral reasoning
  - B. Only speed and memorization
  - C. Exclusive focus on coding syntax
  - D. Mechanical task repetition

Answer: A

- 20. What is the primary RISK of cognitive offloading to A.I. noted in the chapter?
  - A. It permanently improves long-term memory
  - B. It reduces engagement and memory retention when over-used
  - C. It eliminates all forms of bias
  - D. It guarantees deeper learning

Answer: B

# True & False

- 21. A.I. cannot reason morally or ethically without prior human input in case-specific scenarios. (Answer: True)
- 22. Human reasoning enables abductive leaps—creative inferences from limited data. (Answer: True)
- 23. A.I. possesses an innate capacity for empathy suitable for sensitive contexts. (Answer: False)
- 24. Human analysis is typically faster than A.I. when processing massive datasets. (Answer: False)

- 25. A.I. results are automatically objective regardless of biases in training data. (Answer: False)
- 26. A.I. literacy should be siloed only in technology courses at the post-secondary level. (Answer: False)
- 27. Creativity, empathy, and moral reasoning remain irreplaceable human skills. (Answer: True)
- 28. Heavy reliance on A.I. tools can reduce student engagement and memory retention. (Answer: True)
- 29. In healthcare examples, humans still interpret A.I. outputs and communicate with patients. (Answer: True)
- 30. The goal articulated in the chapter is the supremacy of A.I. over human reasoning. (Answer: False)